interpreto

AUTOMATED EVALUATION REPORT

FILE # - 2025-10-01

PROFESSIONAL - HEALTH AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

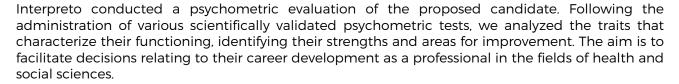
REQUESTED BY Fictive establishment

FOR THE POSITION OF Fictive position



PROFESSIONAL - HEALTH AND SOCIAL SCIENCES REPORT

INTRODUCTION



The data collected through psychometric tests was interpreted by Interpreto's analysis system. This system was developed by the Interpreto professionals who are members in good standing of the Ordre des psychologues du Québec or the Ordre des conseillers et conseillères d'orientation du Québec.

This report provides you with:

- An indication of the evaluated person's mastery of certain competencies for a professional position in the fields of health and social sciences;
- · A rating of adequacy between the individual's results and the job requirements;
- Suggestions for probing questions, advices on integration into a new position and avenues for development support.

USING THE REPORT



- This document is confidential. Only those involved in the employee evaluation process are authorized to consult it.
- This report is intended solely to facilitate an informed decision as part of the evaluation process for the position sought.
- · As a matter of professional ethics, we suggest that you do not make copies of this document.
- Since human beings are constantly evolving, the content of this automated assessment report is considered valid for a period of two years.

CONDITIONS OF SUCCESS



To encourage the professional development of the person being evaluated, we recommend that you provide feedback on the results of the evaluation. This practice could have an engaging impact on the candidate, facilitating their integration into the position and helping them to make better use of talents to the service of your organization.

SUMMARY TABLE



PROFILE ADEQUACY



RECOMMENDED

The candidate has obtained results that correspond to the profile required for the position being assessed

Below expectations

Partially meets expectations

Meets expectations

Exceeds expectations

Cognitive Agility



Favors familiar, tried-and-tested approaches when faced with new situations, drawing on past experience to navigate complex contexts.

Relational Effectiveness



Enjoys social interactions and easily builds connections with others. Respectful and interested in others, seeks to ensure everyone feels accepted and valued.

Collaboration



Easily establishes relationships with others and approaches teamwork with enthusiasm. Is likely to energize a group by their positive contribution.

Self-Management



Manages negative emotions well and is generally open to criticism. Handles stressful or high-pressure situations with calm and confidence.

Adaptability



Adopts a positive approach to change and does not hesitate to experiment with new ways of doing things. Can modify their behaviour according to circumstances.

Below expectations

Partially meets expectations

Meets expectations

Exceeds expectations

Professional Rigor



Works in a systematic and reliable way, with great attention to detail and strict adherence to procedures and deadlines.

Decision-Making



Is able to make decisions, but may sometimes hesitate to fully assert themselves when opinions differ or the stakes are high.

Advisory Role



Accompanies clients and collaborators in a conscientious manner and is able to present a professional opinion in a detailed and convincing manner.

Planning and Organizing



Adopts a semi-structured approach to completing tasks. May prefer organizing work based on short-term priorities, which could limit effectiveness in long-term projects.

Negotiation and Conflict Resolution



Is able to use nuanced approaches in order to manage disputes effectively. Can work towards mutually satisfactory solutions or favor compromises.



PERSONALITY

The traits and facets of personality allow us to evaluate the foundations of a person's psychological functioning, while providing us with information on their motivational and behavioral aspects. The following descriptions are based solely on the trends observed in terms of personality and do not take into account the interactions between the various traits on the one hand, nor the interactions with cognitive abilities such as learning, reasoning and analytical skills on the other. The additional information provided is therefore very general and should be used with caution.



OPEN-MINDEDNESS

This person shows a balanced interest between new ideas and simple, well-defined approaches. They enjoy juggling different points of view when these are linked to concrete applications. They seem more at ease with abstract concepts when they meet practical needs or provide tangible value. They take a measured approach to innovation, showing moderate interest in exploring complex solutions or broadening their horizons. They demonstrate a reasonable openness to new ideas, working methods and divergent perspectives, while remaining grounded in pragmatic and achievable approaches.

This person seems to prefer a concrete, pragmatic approach, emphasizing the functional and useful aspects of things rather than their aesthetic dimension. They prefer to understand others based on their actions and behaviors, which enables them to interact in a direct and objective manner. When making decisions, they rely mainly on facts and past experience, which guarantees rational thinking rooted in reality. This preference for practical, measurable approaches is an asset in environments where reliability and efficiency are paramount.

APPROACH TO WORK

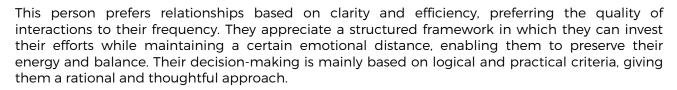
This person is success-oriented and self-disciplined. They are more ambitious, competitive and persevering than the average person. They generally get down to work quickly and see projects through to completion, despite any difficulties that may arise. They are diligent in their work, like to be given responsibility and take charge. They find challenges motivating and approache everyday situations with confidence in their ability to succeed. They show determination in the face of adversity and see themselves as effective in the tasks they take on.

This person combines flexibility and organization, adapting with ease to the demands of varied contexts. They are able to alternate between spontaneity and planning, finding a happy medium that enables them to meet needs without excessive rigidity. Although not particularly distinguished by a marked attention to detail or rigorous organization, they demonstrate an overall commitment to their responsibilities and tend to respect rules and protocols when necessary.



PERSONALITY (cont'd)

RELATIONAL QUALITY



This person acts actively to maintain social cohesion and avoid conflict. They ensure that their words are always respectful, and avoid anything that could provoke tension. They forgive easily and show great modesty, valuing equality in their relationships. Highly respectful of rules and authority, they adopt a collaborative approach and make sure to consult others before making important decisions. They are often perceived as warm and polite, fostering a harmonious atmosphere around them.

INTERPERSONAL PROPENSITY



This person prefers to adopt a supportive or collaborative role rather than naturally taking the lead in a group. They are most comfortable when they can contribute without having to assume direct leadership. In social situations, they often prefer to listen and willingly let others express themselves. They don't particularly seek to influence decisions or impose their point of view, but they can share their ideas when the context encourages it. Their initiatives are generally personal and not spontaneously aimed at mobilizing a group around them.

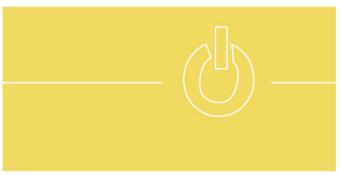
This person is average in terms of sociability and positive emotionality. They are generally comfortable making social contacts, although they do not actively seek to multiply interactions. They enjoy a balance between teamwork and individual tasks, depending on the context. Their enthusiasm and energy levels can vary according to situations and group dynamics, making them adaptable to a variety of social environments.

PERSONALITY (cont'd)

EMOTIONAL MANAGEMENT

This person has a low propensity for negative emotions such as anger or frustration, and effectively manages those that do arise. They are generally calm, stable-tempered and thoughtful in their emotional reactions. Not easily irritated, they take criticism in stride. In emergency or high-pressure situations, they remain calm and in control of their emotions. Their ability to react calmly and thoughtfully makes them reliable in demanding environments.

This person is reasonably confident in their abilities and decisions. They are generally comfortable moving forward with projects and facing challenges, while remaining attentive to feedback and necessary adjustments. They know how to draw on experience to build confidence and adapt to new situations. Socially, they are aware of how others see them, but this doesn't prevent them from interacting freely and authentically.





PROBING QUESTIONS

In this section, you will find examples of questions to ask in an interview with the candidate or to use as inspiration when taking references for competencies and skills that came out as Weak or In Progress in relation to the assessment.

If all skills meet expectations, no specific questions appear in this section. However, it may still be interesting to ask the candidate during a subsequent interview about their sources of motivation at work with a view to job integration. Finally, taking references can also be useful in order to confirm observations and provide concrete examples of behaviours related to the most crucial skills in the position to be filled.



COGNITIVE AGILITY

Using a recent example, tell me how you usually go about quickly learning new ways of doing things.

Tell me about the most difficult task you've had to learn recently at work.

DECISION-MAKING



Can you tell me about a time when you had to make a difficult decision despite differing opinions around you? How did you assert your position and make the final call?

Tell me about a time when it was essential to make a quick decision and assert yourself in the face of uncertainty or pressure. How did you handle the situation and take responsibility for your choice?



PLANNING AND ORGANIZING

Tell me about a recent moment at work when you had to establish an action plan to complete an important project.

Tell me about the last time you had to coordinate several tasks at the same time as part of a project.



INTEGRATION TIPS

Successful integration into a new position requires an adaptation of the candidate to his new work environment. This adaptation includes three main issues:

- · Learning the role and task
- · The creation of a social network
- · Adapting to the culture and values of the team and the organization

An employee who manages to adapt to these three major issues will have better chances to have a successful integration. Generally, well-integrated employees are happier at work, more productive, and have less intention of changing jobs. The indices presented in this section provide a glimpse of the style of integration of the candidate according to his personality. These indices aim to equip the manager in the integration of the candidate, and should not be considered as a selection tool.



LEARNING STYLE

Pragmatic Learner

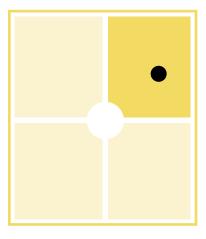
Pragmatic approach to learning. Knowledge is a means to an end and not an end in itself. Does what it takes to acquire the knowledge necessary to achieve a goal (training, professional, etc.). Approaches knowledge with conformism, little inclined to have a critical perspective of what is taught.

Disengaged

Not focused on learning and studying. Little at ease in an academic context. Knowledge and deep understanding of things are of little interest to him. Constraining himself in the required learning efforts is hard. More comfortable in a short and practical training leading to practical applications (e.g. vocational training).



The interaction between the Openness trait and the Conscientiousness trait provides information on how one will approach learning



Good learner

The intellectual interest and creativity of the openness trait with the willingness to succeed and the organization of the conscientiousness trait produces the typical profile of a good learner. Interested in learning and taking the means to reach the end of his interests. Ability to take a critical step back from what is being taught. High probability of success in training.

Inconsistent learner

Diversified intellectual and/or creative interests, diversified but at risk of not being deepened by lack of determination and organization. Learning may stop while the effort to pursue it increases, which can lead to the acquisition of great superficial knowledge without deepening.

INTEGRATION TIPS (cont'd)

INTERPERSONAL STYLE



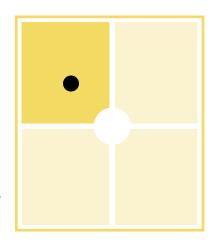
The interaction between the agreeableness and extroversion gives information about the interpersonal style, meaning the way the person will take on his relationship with others.

Modest

Is not attracted to social situations and new encounters, but does not reflect a lack of interest towards others. Will prefer to maintain a small number of significant interpersonal relationships. Modest and discreet in a group.



Independent and individualistic. Little interested in social relations. Feels easily disturbed by the presence of others. Protects his personal sphere and privacy. May reflect a distrust towards others. Can be perceived as cold, distant and uncooperative.



Warm Leader

Actively seeking to create and maintain personal relationships with people. Sincerely makes friends with people. Brings life to a group and is often in a position of leadership and or initiator of common activities. A warm and collaborative leader. Likes teamwork.

Self-centered Leader

Actively seeks social relationships for the benefits and the pleasure that it gives him rather than by interest towards others. Tendency to create many superficial and utilitarian relationships. Likes being at the forefront. Can become an authoritarian leader and little inclined to listen to his subordinates.

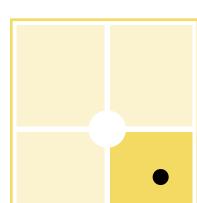
INTEREST STYLE



Interest in activities in which social contacts are frequent, which require influencing others and in which it is possible to succeed by keeping to the usual ways of doing things. Would prefer continuity and consolidation to change and innovation.



Introverted and concrete person whose simple interests can be pursued alone and in small groups. Prefers a quiet social and creative life. Preference for working with data rather than with ideas and with things rather than with people (ex: Accounting, mechanics and repair, construction trades).



professionally and personally.

Creative Interaction

His interests combine gregariousness, upward mobility, creativity and intellectual curiosity. Wants to share his knowledge and creativity. Creative and innovative leader. Interested in understanding and influencing people and society. Interested in sharing ideas and creativity with other people and influencing them (ex.: teacher, politician, manager).

Introspection

The interaction between openness and

interests that person may have, both

extroversion provides information about the

Concerned primarily by intellectual or artistic activities which can be pursued individually or in small groups (ex: literature, music). Will be more interested in working with ideas rather than with data and with things rather than people (ex: scientific research, artistic creation).



DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

In this section, you will find some suggestions on ways to approach the new employee to support their development and help them build new habits, based on the competencies that were less well demonstrated during the assessment. To emphasize a coaching approach, a reflective question is also included.

If all competencies meet expectations, there will be no development areas listed in this section. However, some skills may still benefit from continuous improvement. A conversation with the new employee is strongly recommended to identify the best tools to help them perform well in their role, particularly for the skills that are most critical to success in the position or would help them better align with the organizational culture.

COGNITIVE AGILITY

Involve the employee in projects requiring creative or unconventional solutions to help them develop agile learning and thinking strategies.

Provide tools or resources (such as analysis models, case studies, etc.) to help them structure their thinking when faced with complex situations.

COACHING QUESTION

How do you react to unexpected intellectual challenges, and what strategies do you use to adapt quickly?

DECISION-MAKING

Encourage the employee to make decisions in less risky contexts to boost their confidence, by gradually increasing the complexity of the choices to be made.

Encourage the employee to analyze the consequences of past decisions to better understand what has worked well and where adjustments would have been necessary, in order to strengthen their ability to fully assume responsibility for their choices.

COACHING QUESTION

How do you make important decisions with confidence, even in situations of uncertainty?





DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT (cont'd)

PLANNING AND ORGANIZING

Encourage the employee to plan their days or weeks in advance by establishing a list of priorities, in order to better concentrate on essential tasks and avoid being overwhelmed by unforeseen events.

Encourage the employee to use project management tools (such as Gantt charts or task management software) to better structure and organize their projects according to deadlines.



COACHING QUESTION

What strategies do you use to anticipate obstacles and integrate them into your planning?